



Roll No.

Answer Sheet No. 11

Sig. of Candidate. _____

Sig. of Invigilator. _____

GEOGRAPHY OF PAKISTAN SSC-I SECTION – A (Marks 15)

Time allowed: 20 Minutes

NOTE: Section–A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on the question paper itself. It should be completed in the first 20 minutes and handed over to the Centre Superintendent. Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. Do not use lead pencil.

Q. 1 Circle the correct option i.e. A / B / C / D. Each part carries one mark.

- (i) Pakistan has _____ Km long common border with India.
A. 1610 B. 1600 C. 1640 D. 1650
- (ii) Mahmood Pura was:
A. Old Lahore B. Okara C. Peshawar D. Sheikupura
- (iii) The Indian National Congress came into being on:
A. 1865 AD B. 1875 AD C. 1885 AD D. 1895 AD
- (iv) The Indian Independence Act was passed in:
A. Feb 1947 B. June 1947 C. July 1947 D. Aug 1947
- (v) The Lowari pass connects Peshawar and:
A. Gilgit-Baltistan B. Chitral C. Abbottabad D. Swat
- (vi) Sandal bar is between:
A. Rechna Doab B. Bari Doab C. Chaj Doab D. Sindh-Sagar-Doab
- (vii) Dry winds "loo" blows in:
A. Indus Plain B. Balochistan Plateau
C. Peshawar Plain D. Quetta Valley
- (viii) The actual area under forest in Pakistan is _____ million hectares.
A. 4.1 B. 4.2 C. 4.4 D. 4.6
- (ix) The bark of babul is used for:
A. Tanning Purposes B. Furniture Making
C. Sports Goods D. Fuel Wood
- (x) Belas are found in:
A. Coastal Region B. Near Banks of Rivers
C. Dry areas D. High Mountains
- (xi) A Mixture of sand and clay is called:
A. Loam B. Alluvial C. Alluvium D. Loess
- (xii) About _____ % of the country's population lives in rural areas.
A. 32.5 B. 67.5 C. 35.5 D. 65.5
- (xiii) Allama Iqbal Open University is in:
A. Islamabad B. Rawalpindi C. Gujar Khan D. Jhelum
- (xiv) A Suzuki Car Plant has been established at:
A. Faisalabad B. Karachi C. Islamabad D. Peshawar
- (xv) Pakistan Railways Headquarters is in:
A. Islamabad B. Risalpur C. Multan D. Lahore

For Examiner's use only:

Total Marks:

15

Marks Obtained:



GEOGRAPHY OF PAKISTAN SSC-I

12

Time allowed: 2:40 Hours

Total Marks Sections B and C: 60

NOTE: Answer any twelve parts from Section 'B' and any three questions from Section 'C' on the separately provided answer book. Use supplementary answer sheet i.e. Sheet-B if required. Write your answers neatly and legibly.

SECTION – B (Marks 36)

Q. 2 Answer any **TWELVE** parts. The answer to each part should not exceed 3 to 4 lines. (12 x 3 = 36)

- (i) Give the geographical location and total area of Pakistan.
- (ii) Why and who started Aligarh movement?
- (iii) Into how many physical regions Pakistan is divided?
- (iv) What is doab? Write the names of doabs in the Punjab.
- (v) Into how many parts has the lower Indus plain been divided?
- (vi) Define climate of Pakistan.
- (vii) How much area of Pakistan is covered by forests?
- (viii) Define soil.
- (ix) Write three highest peaks of Pakistan.
- (x) Write three earthquake zones in Pakistan.
- (xi) How is water polluted?
- (xii) Write major densely populated areas of Pakistan.
- (xiii) What is meant by urbanization?
- (xiv) How many settlement patterns are there in Pakistan?
- (xv) Write a short note on Lahore.
- (xvi) What were the points of social differences between Hindus and Muslims?
- (xvii) Name the types of forests of Pakistan.
- (xviii) Where does aridity occur?

SECTION – C (Marks 24)

Note: Attempt any **THREE** questions. All questions carry equal marks. (3 x 8 = 24)

- Q. 3** Divide Pakistan into main climatic regions and give brief description of each.
- Q. 4** Define the term "Land form". Describe briefly how the land forms were formed?
- Q. 5** Give classification of soils of Pakistan.
- Q. 6** What are the causes of floods and what are their effects?